



Be Right™

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 17-10-2019

Revision Date 26-Jan-2024

Version 4.6

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1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name ManVer® Hardness Indicator

Other means of identification

Product Code(s) 42549

Safety data sheet number M00635

UN/ID no UN2924

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Water Analysis. Laboratory reagent. Indicator for hardness.

Uses advised against None.

Restrictions on use None.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Address

Hach Company, P.O.Box 389, Loveland, CO 80539, USA, +1(970) 669-3050

Emergency telephone number

+1(303) 623-5716 - 24 Hour Service

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Label elements

Signal word

Danger



Hazard statements

- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
- H290 - May be corrosive to metals
- H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
- H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection
- P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
- P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
- P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
- P405 - Store locked up
- P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant
- P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
- P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
- P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
- P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
- P233 - Keep container tightly closed
- P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment
- P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
- P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
- P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
- P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
- P234 - Keep only in original container
- P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage
- P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Other Hazards Known

- May be harmful if swallowed
- Toxic to aquatic life

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance
Not applicable

Mixture

Percent ranges are used where confidential product information is applicable.

Chemical name	CAS No	Percent Range	HMRIC #
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	90 - 100%	-
Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride	5470-11-1	1 - 5%	-
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5%	-

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get immediate medical advice/attention. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
Self-protection of the first aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Burning sensation. Itching. Rashes. Hives.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. May cause sensitization in susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Product is or contains a sensitizer. May cause

sensitization by skin contact.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. Chlorides. Hydrogen chloride.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

U.S. Notice

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances may respond to a spill according to federal regulations (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.120(a)(v)) and per your company's emergency response plan and guidelines/procedures. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance. Outside of the US, only persons properly qualified according to state or local regulations should respond to a spill involving chemicals.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Attention! Corrosive material.

Other Information

Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Should not be released into the environment. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal.

Prevention of secondary hazards

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use personal protection equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to

package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Protect from moisture. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials. Store in accordance with particular national and local regulations.

Flammability class Class IC

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Isopropyl alcohol CAS#: 67-63-0	STEL: 400 ppm TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 980 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (vacated) TWA: 980 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 500 ppm (vacated) STEL: 1225 mg/m ³	IDLH: 2000 ppm TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 980 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1225 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Showers
 Eyewash stations
 Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required. Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dusts/aerosols.

Hand Protection Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Chemical resistant gloves made of butyl rubber or nitrile rubber category III according to EN 374-1:2016.

Eye/face protection Face protection shield.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots.

General Hygiene Considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

Environmental exposure controls Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Do not allow

into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water.

Thermal hazards None under normal processing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid	Color	dark red
Appearance	aqueous solution	Odor threshold	No data available
Odor	Fruity		

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
Molecular weight	No data available	
pH	1.09	@ 20 °C
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	118 °C / 244.4 °F	
Evaporation rate	0.05 (water = 1)	
Vapor pressure	1.35 mm Hg / 0.18 kPa at 20 °C / 68 °F	
Relative vapor density	2.08	
Specific gravity - VALUE 1	1.01	
Partition coefficient	Not applicable	
Soil Organic Carbon-Water Partition Coefficient	Not applicable	
Autoignition temperature	No data available	
Decomposition temperature	No data available	
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

Water solubility classification	Water solubility	Water Solubility Temperature
Soluble	> 1000 mg/L	25 °C / 77 °F

Solubility in other solvents

Chemical Name	Solubility classification	Solubility	Solubility Temperature
Acid	Soluble	> 1000 mg/L	25 °C / 77 °F

Other information

Metal Corrosivity

Classified as corrosive to metal according to GHS criteria

Steel Corrosion Rate	7.32 mm/yr / 0.29 in/yr
Aluminum Corrosion Rate	0.03 mm/yr / 0 in/yr

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Content

See ingredients information below

Chemical name	CAS No	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content	CAA (Clean Air Act)
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	No data available	X
Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride	5470-11-1	No data available	-
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	100%	X

Explosive properties

Upper explosion limit No data available
Lower explosion limit No data available

Flammable properties

Flash point 26 °C / 78.8 °F
Method CC (closed cup)

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower flammability limit: No data available

Oxidizing properties

No data available.

Bulk density

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Corrosive on contact with water. Corrosive to metal.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous polymerization

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent. Acids. Bases.

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Corrosive by inhalation. Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate. Inhaled corrosive substances can lead to a toxic edema of the lungs. Pulmonary edema can be fatal.

Eye contact Causes burns. Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness. Causes serious eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

Skin contact May cause sensitization by skin contact. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. Corrosive. Causes severe burns. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Ingestion Causes burns. Ingestion causes burns of the upper digestive and respiratory tracts. May cause severe burning pain in the mouth and stomach with vomiting and diarrhea of dark blood. Blood pressure may decrease. Brownish or yellowish stains may be seen around the mouth. Swelling of the throat may cause shortness of breath and choking. May cause lung damage if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms Redness. Burning. May cause blindness. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Itching. Rashes. Hives.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Acute Toxicity Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
1,2-Propanediol (90 - 100%) CAS#: 57-55-6	Rat LD ₅₀	20000 mg/kg	None reported	None reported	RTECS
Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride (1 - 5%) CAS#: 5470-11-1	Rat LD ₅₀	141 mg/kg	None reported	None reported	Vendor SDS
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Rat LD ₅₀	4710 mg/kg	None reported	Behavioral General anesthetic	OECD 429: Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay
Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
1,2-Propanediol (90 - 100%) CAS#: 57-55-6	Rabbit LD ₅₀	20800 mg/kg	None reported	None reported	IUCLID
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Rabbit LD ₅₀	4059 mg/kg	None reported	None reported	LOLI
Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Rat LC ₅₀	72.6 mg/L	4 hours	Behavioral General anesthetic Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration Other changes	RTECS

Unknown Acute Toxicity

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Acute Toxicity Estimations (ATE)

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	3,168.00 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	No information available
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	No information available
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	No information available
ATEmix (inhalation-gas)	No information available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Skin Corrosion/Irritation Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Test method	Species	Reported dose	Exposure time	Results	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Standard Draize Test	Rabbit	500 mg	None reported	Mild skin irritant	RTECS

Serious eye damage/irritation

Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Test method	Species	Reported dose	Exposure time	Results	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Standard Draize Test	Rabbit	100 mg	None reported	Corrosive to eyes	RTECS

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Sensitization Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Test method	Species	Results	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	None reported	Guinea pig	Not confirmed to be a skin sensitizer	OECD 429: Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay

STOT - single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Human TD _{Lo}	223 mg/kg	None reported	Behavioral Hallucinations, Distorted perceptions Cardiac Pulse rate decrease with fall in BP Vascular BP lowering not characterized in autonomic section	RTECS
Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Human TC _{Lo}	35 mg/L	4 hours	Cardiac Pulse rate decrease with fall in BP Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration Other changes	RTECS

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs.

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeat Exposure Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride (1 - 5%) CAS#: 5470-11-1	Rat LD _{Lo}	2478 mg/kg	6 days	Behavioral Food intake Blood Changes in blood leukocyte count Nutritional and Gross Metabolic Weight loss or decreased weight gain	NIOSH
Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
1,2-Propanediol (90 - 100%) CAS#: 57-55-6	Rat TC _{Lo}	2.180 mg/L	90 days	Behavioral Food intake Biochemical Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels (dehydrogenases) Endocrine Changes in spleen weight	RTECS

Carcinogenicity

Classification based on data available for ingredients. Contains a known or suspected carcinogen.

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Carcinogenicity Data

No data available.

Chemical name	CAS No	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	-	-	-	-
Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride	5470-11-1	-	-	-	-
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	-	Group 3	-	X

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)	Does not apply
IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)	Group 3 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
NTP (National Toxicology Program)	Does not apply
OSHA	X - Present

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mixture invitro Data

No data available.

Substance invitro Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Test	Cell Strain	Reported dose	Exposure time	Results	Key literature references and sources for data
1,2-Propanediol (90 - 100%) CAS#: 57-55-6	Cytogenetic analysis	Hamster fibroblast	32000 mg/L	None reported	Positive test result for mutagenicity	RTECS

Mixture invivo Data

No data available.

Substance invivo Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Test	Species	Reported dose	Exposure time	Results	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Cytogenetic analysis	Rat	0.00103 mg/L	16 weeks	Positive test result for mutagenicity	RTECS

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mixture

No data available.

Ingredient Reproductive Toxicity Data

No data available.

Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Rat TD _{Lo}	32.4 mg/kg	None reported	Effects on Embryo or Fetus Fetal death	RTECS
Chemical name	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Exposure time	Toxicological effects	Key literature references and sources for data

Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	Rat TC _{Lo}	7000 mg/L	19 days	Specific Developmental Abnormalities Musculoskeletal system	RTECS
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Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Unknown aquatic toxicity

0% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Mixture

Aquatic Acute Toxicity

No data available.

Aquatic Chronic Toxicity

No data available.

Substance

Aquatic Acute Toxicity

No data available.

Chemical name	Exposure time	Species	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Key literature references and sources for data
1,2-Propanediol (90 - 100%) CAS#: 57-55-6	96 hours	<i>Pimephales promelas</i>	LC ₅₀	51400 mg/L	IUCLID
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	96 hours	<i>Pimephales promelas</i>	LC ₅₀	4200 mg/L	IUCLID
Chemical name	Exposure time	Species	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Key literature references and sources for data
1,2-Propanediol (90 - 100%) CAS#: 57-55-6	48 Hours	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	LC ₅₀	34400 mg/L	IUCLID
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	48 Hours	None reported	LC ₅₀	1400 mg/L	IUCLID
Chemical name	Exposure time	Species	Endpoint type	Reported dose	Key literature references and sources for data
1,2-Propanediol (90 - 100%) CAS#: 57-55-6	96 hours	<i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i>	EC ₅₀	19000 mg/L	IUCLID
Isopropyl alcohol (1 - 5%) CAS#: 67-63-0	72 Hours	<i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i>	EC ₅₀	> 1000 mg/L	IUCLID

Aquatic Chronic Toxicity

No data available.

Persistence and degradability

Mixture

No data available.

Mixture

No data available.

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Partition coefficient Not applicable

Mobility

Soil Organic Carbon-Water Partition Coefficient Not applicable

Other adverse effects
No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

US EPA Waste Number D001, D002

Special instructions for disposal Dilute to 3 to 5 times the volume with cold water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an alkali, such as soda ash or sodium bicarbonate. Open cold water tap completely, slowly pour the reacted material to the drain.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no UN2924
Proper shipping name Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s.
DOT Technical Name Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride, Isopropyl alcohol
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary class 8
Packing Group III
Emergency Response Guide Number 132

TDG

UN/ID no UN2924
Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
TDG Technical Name Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride, Isopropyl alcohol
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary class 8
Packing Group III

IATA

UN number or ID number UN2924
Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
IATA Technical Name Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride, Isopropyl alcohol
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary hazard class 8
Packing group III
ERG Code 3C
Special Provisions A3, A803

IMDG

UN number or ID number UN2924
Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

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IMDG Technical Name Hydroxylamine, hydrochloride, Isopropyl alcohol
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary hazard class 8
Packing Group III
EmS-No F-E, S-C
Special Provisions 223, 274

Note: No special precautions necessary.

Additional information

There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is not in a reagent set or kit, the classification given above applies.

If the item is part of a reagent set or kit the classification would change to the following:

UN3316 Chemical Kit, Hazard Class 9, Packing Group II or III.

If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National Inventories

TSCA Complies
DSL/NDSL Complies

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

International Inventories

EINECS/ELINCS Complies
ENCS Complies
IECSC Complies
KECL Complies
PICCS Complies
TCSI Complies
AICS Complies
NZIoC Complies

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Isopropyl alcohol (CAS #: 67-63-0)	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire hazard Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

This product may contain substances regulated by state right-to-know regulations.

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
1,2-Propanediol 57-55-6	X	-	X
Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0	X	X	X

U.S. EPA Label Information

Chemical name	FIFRA	FDA
1,2-Propanediol	180.0910 180.0930	21 CFR 184.1666
Isopropyl alcohol	180.0950	-

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

Special Comments

None

Additional information

Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL)

Not applicable

NFPA and HMIS Classifications

NFPA	Health hazards - 3	Flammability - 3	Instability - 0	Physical and chemical properties -
HMIS	Health hazards - 3 - *	Flammability - 3	Physical hazards - 0	Personal protection - X - I

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ACGIH	ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)
ATSDR	ATSDR (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry)
CCRIS	CCRIS (Chemical Carcinogenesis Research Information System)
CDC	CDC (Center for Disease Control)
CEPA	CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Agency)
CICAD	CICAD (Concise International Chemical Assessment Documents)
ECHA	ECHA (The European Chemicals Agency)

EEA	EEA (European Environment Agency)
EPA	EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)
ERMA	ERMA (New Zealand's Environmental Risk Management Authority)
ECOSARS	Estimation through ECOSARS v1.11 part of the Estimation Programs Interface (EPI) Suite™
FDA	FDA (Food & Drug Administration)
GESTIS	GESTIS (Information System on Hazardous Substances of the German Social Accident Insurance)
HSDB	HSDB (Hazardous Substances Data Bank)
INERIS	INERIS (The National Industrial Environment and Risks Institute)
IPCS INCHEM	IPCS INCHEM (International Programme on Chemical Safety)
IUCLID	IUCLID (The International Uniform Chemical Information Database)
NITE	Japan National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
NIH	NIH (National Institutes of Health)
NIOSH	NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
LOLI	LOLI (List of Lists - An International Chemical Regulatory Database)
NDF	no data
NICNAS	Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
NIOSH IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health
OSHA	OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)
PEEN	PEEN (Pan European Ecological Network)
RTECS	RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)
SIDS	SIDS (Screening Information Dataset) for High Volume Chemicals
SYKE	The Finnish Environment Institute (SYKE)
USDA	USDA (United States Department of Agriculture)
USDC	USDC (United States Department of Commerce)
WHO	WHO (World Health Organization)

Legend - Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	Ceiling	Ceiling Limit Value
X	Listed	Vacated	These values have no official status. The only binding levels of contaminants are those listed in the final OSHA PEL. These lists are for reference purposes only. Please note that some reference state regulations of these "liberated" exposure limits in their state regulations.
SKN*	Skin designation	SKN+	Skin sensitization
RSP+	Respiratory sensitization	**	Hazard Designation
C	Carcinogen	R	Reproductive toxicant
M	mutagen		

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Disclaimer

USER RESPONSIBILITY: Each user should read and understand this information and incorporate it in individual site safety programs in accordance with applicable hazard communication standards and regulations.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA CONSIDERED TO BE ACCURATE. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THESE DATA OR THE RESULTS TO BE

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End of Safety Data Sheet